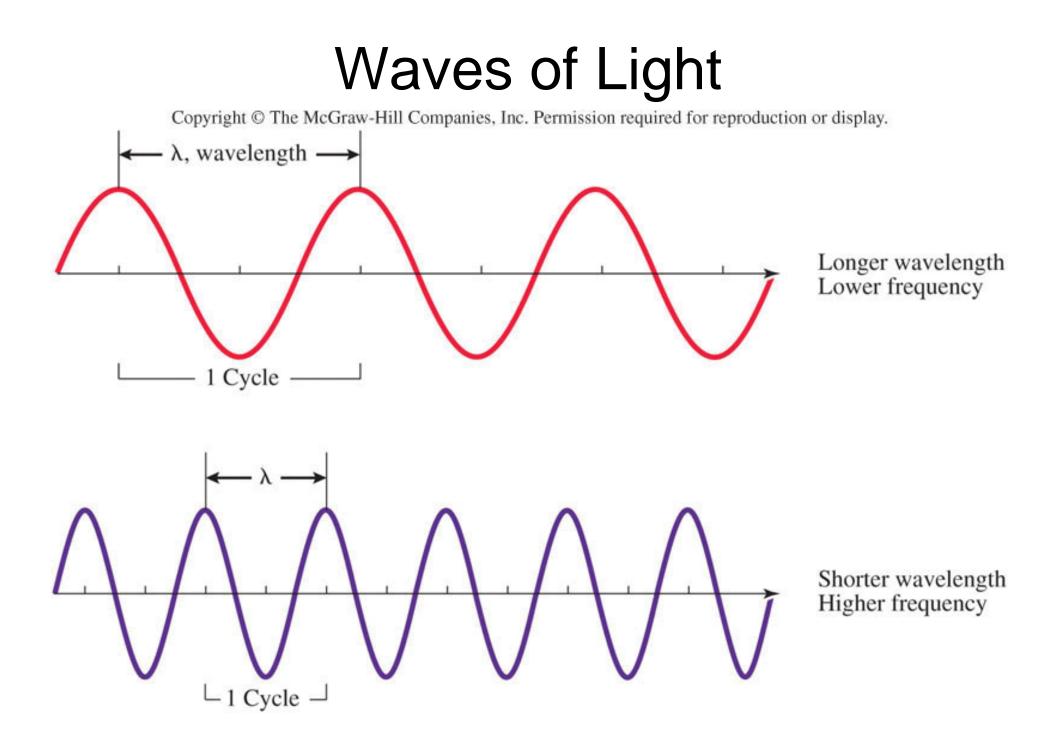
Table 2.1	Properties o	s	
Particle	Relative Charge	Relative Mass	Actual Mass, kg
Proton	+1	1	$1.67 \times 10^{-27}$
Neutron	0	1	$1.67 \times 10^{-27}$ $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$
Electron	-1	0*	$9.11 \times 10^{-3}$

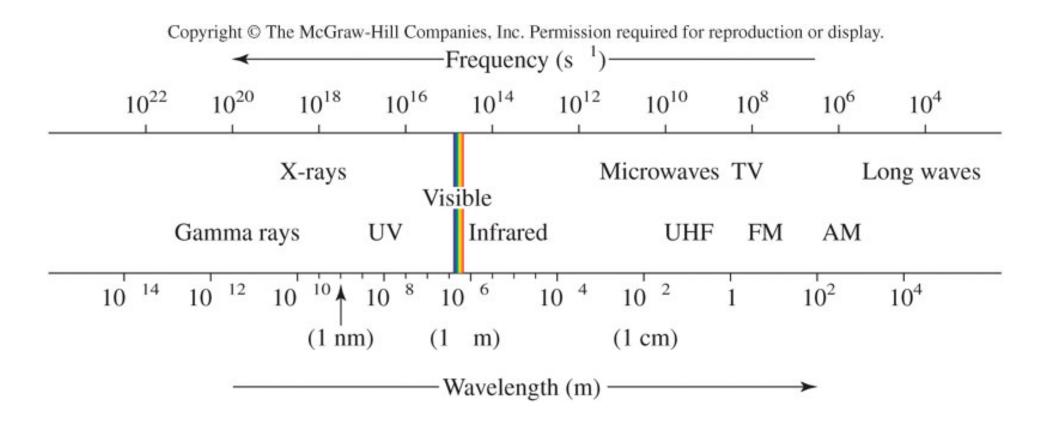
\* The relative mass of the electron is not actually zero, but is so small that it appears as zero when expressed to the nearest whole number.

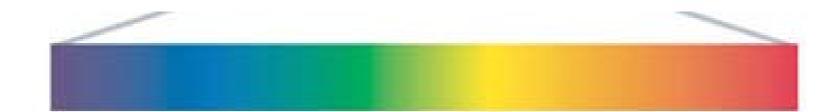
Table 2.2		Total and Outer Electrons for Atoms of the First 18 Elements					
Group 1A	2A	3A	<b>4</b> A	5A	6A	7A	Noble Gases 8A
							hyster 2 mar
Н							He
1							2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Li	Be	В	С	N	0	F	Ne
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg	Al	Si	Р	S	C1	Ar
aning 1 stands	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

# **Atomic Structure and Periodicity**

Table 2.3	Isotopes of Hydrogen				
Isotope	Isotopic Symbol	Number of Protons	Number of Neutrons	Sum of Protons and Neutrons	
hydrogen, H-1	$^{1}_{1}$ H	1	0	1	
deuterium, H-2	$^{2}_{1}H$	1	1	2	
tritium, H-3	$^{3}_{1}H$	1	2	3	

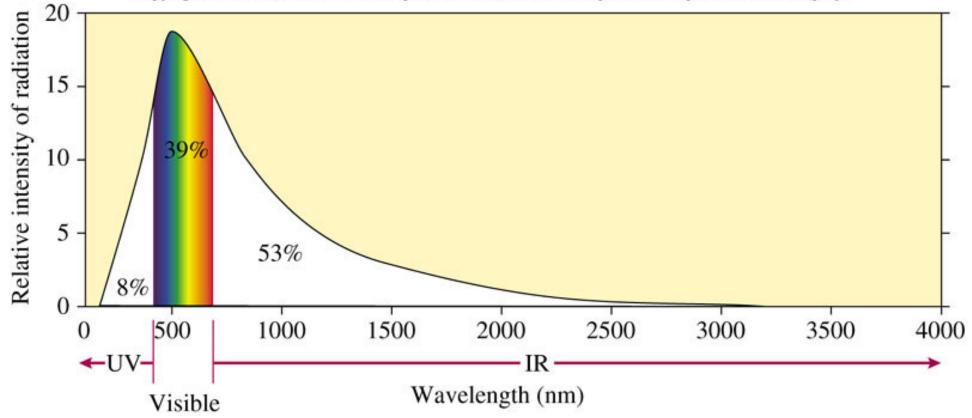


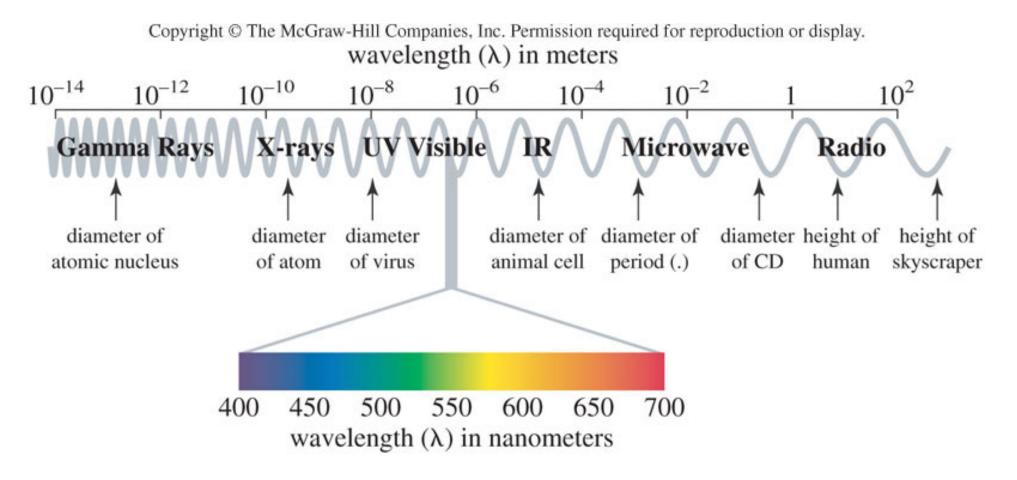


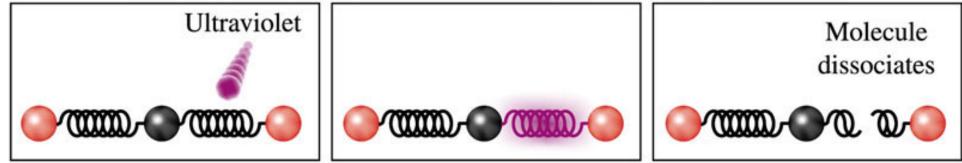


# 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 wavelength ( $\lambda$ ) in nanometers

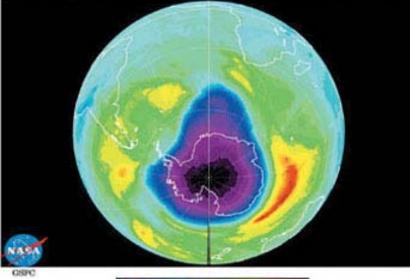
Visible Light





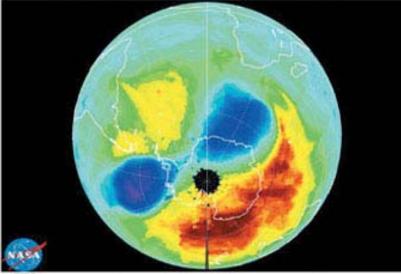


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<sup>&</sup>lt;100 180 260 340 420 500-Ozone (Dobson Units)

Earth Probe TOMS Total Ozone September 24, 2002 Area = 8.1 million miles' Minimum = 159 Dobson Units

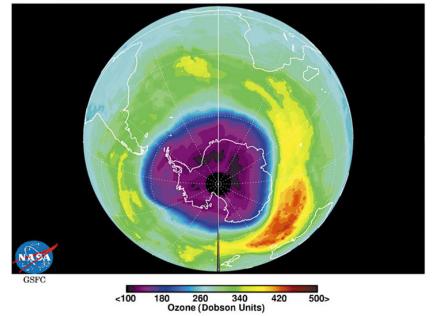


CSPC

<100 180 260 340 420 500> Ozone (Dobson Units)

### Sept. 2001

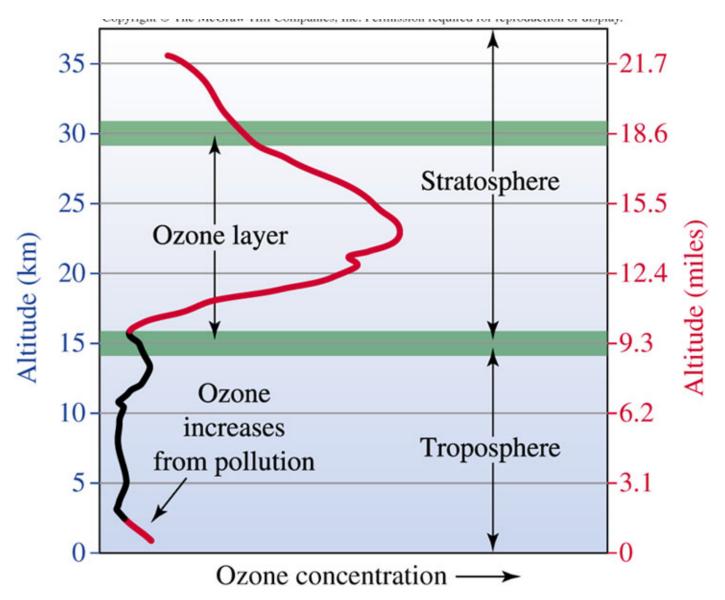
### Copyright © The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. Permission required for reproduction or display. Earth Probe TOMS Total Ozone September 24, 2003 Area = 11.1 million miles<sup>2</sup> Minimum = 111 Dobson Units



Sept. 2003

Sept. 2002

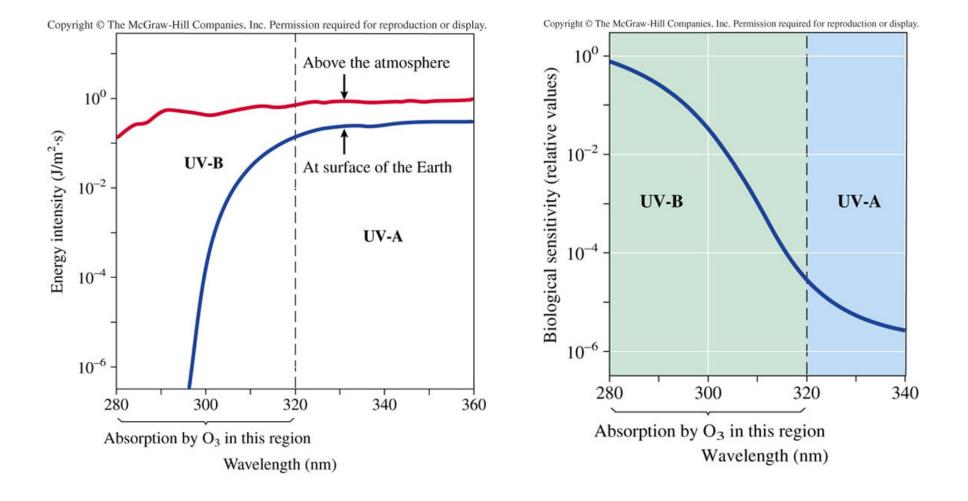
### Ozone: What and Where Is It?



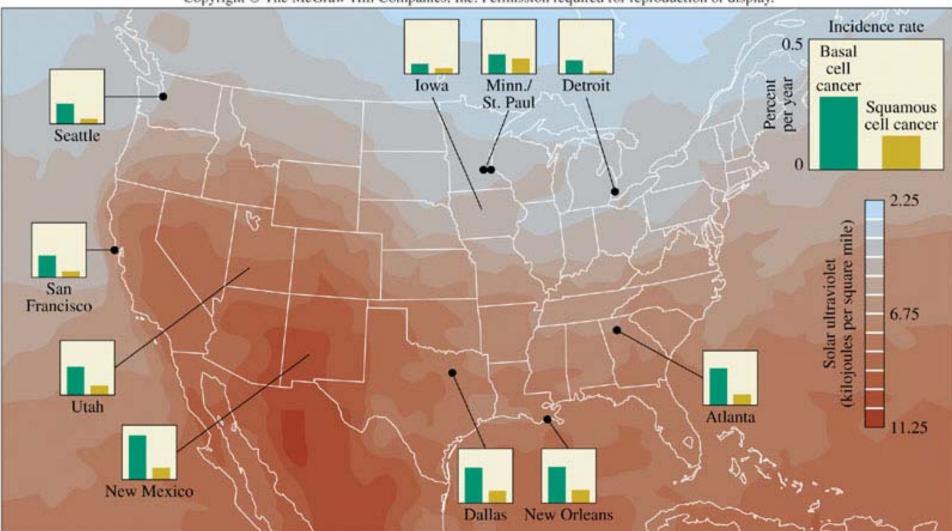
### Ozone: What and Where Is It?

Table 2.4 Categories and Char			cteristics of UV Radiation	
Radiation	Wavelength Range	Relative Energy	Comments	
UV-A	320-400 nm	Least energetic of these three UV categories	Least damaging, reaches Earth's surface in greatest amount	
UV-B	280–320 nm	More energetic than UV-A, less energetic than UV-C	More damaging than UV-A, less damaging than UV-C, most absorbed by ozone in the stratosphere	
UV-C	200–280 nm	Most energetic of these three categories	Most damaging of these three, but not a problem because totally absorbed by oxygen and ozone in stratosphere	

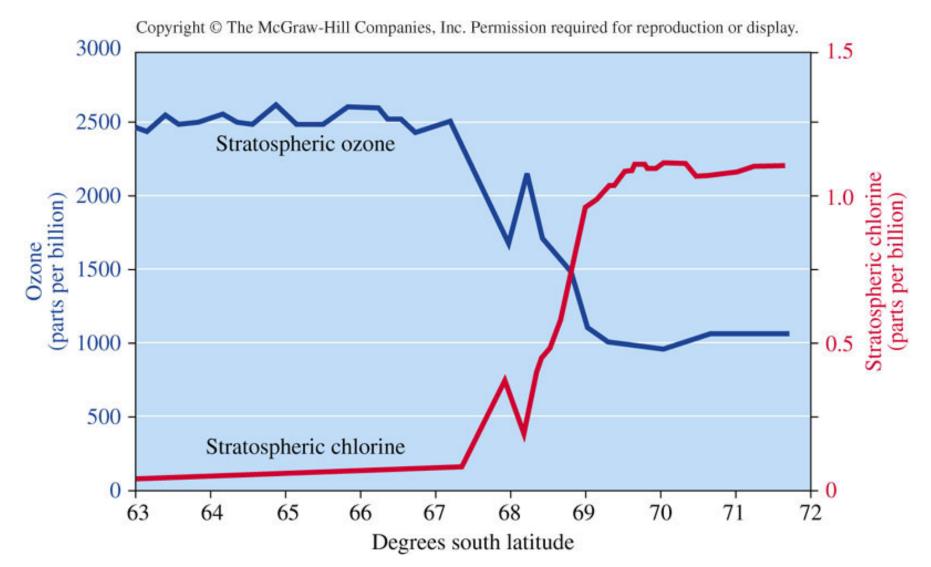
### **Biological Effects of Ultraviolet Radiation**



### **Biological Effects of Ultraviolet Radiation**



### Chlorofluorocarbons: Properties, Uses and Interactions with Ozone



### The Antarctic Ozone Hole: A Closer Look

