

Carbon and Nitrogen Cycling

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(ECOS)



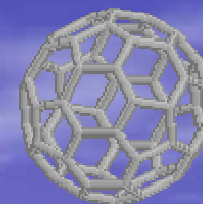
Environmental Coastal and Ocean Sciences

ECOS

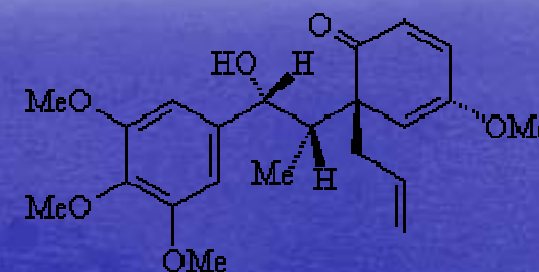
University of Massachusetts Boston

Carbon

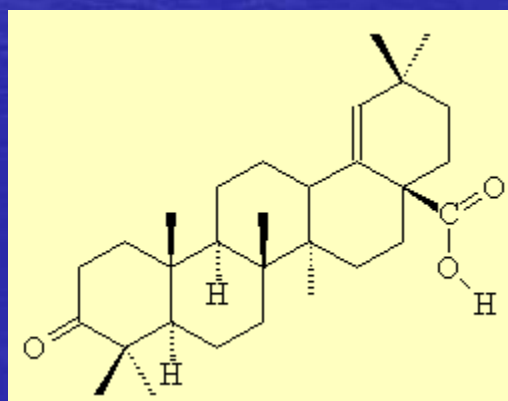
- Fourth most abundant element in the universe
- Basis for life
- 4 bonds
- Forms complex molecules
- Gaseous form



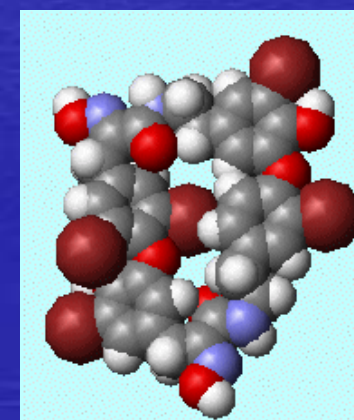
Buckminster Fullerene



Megaphone



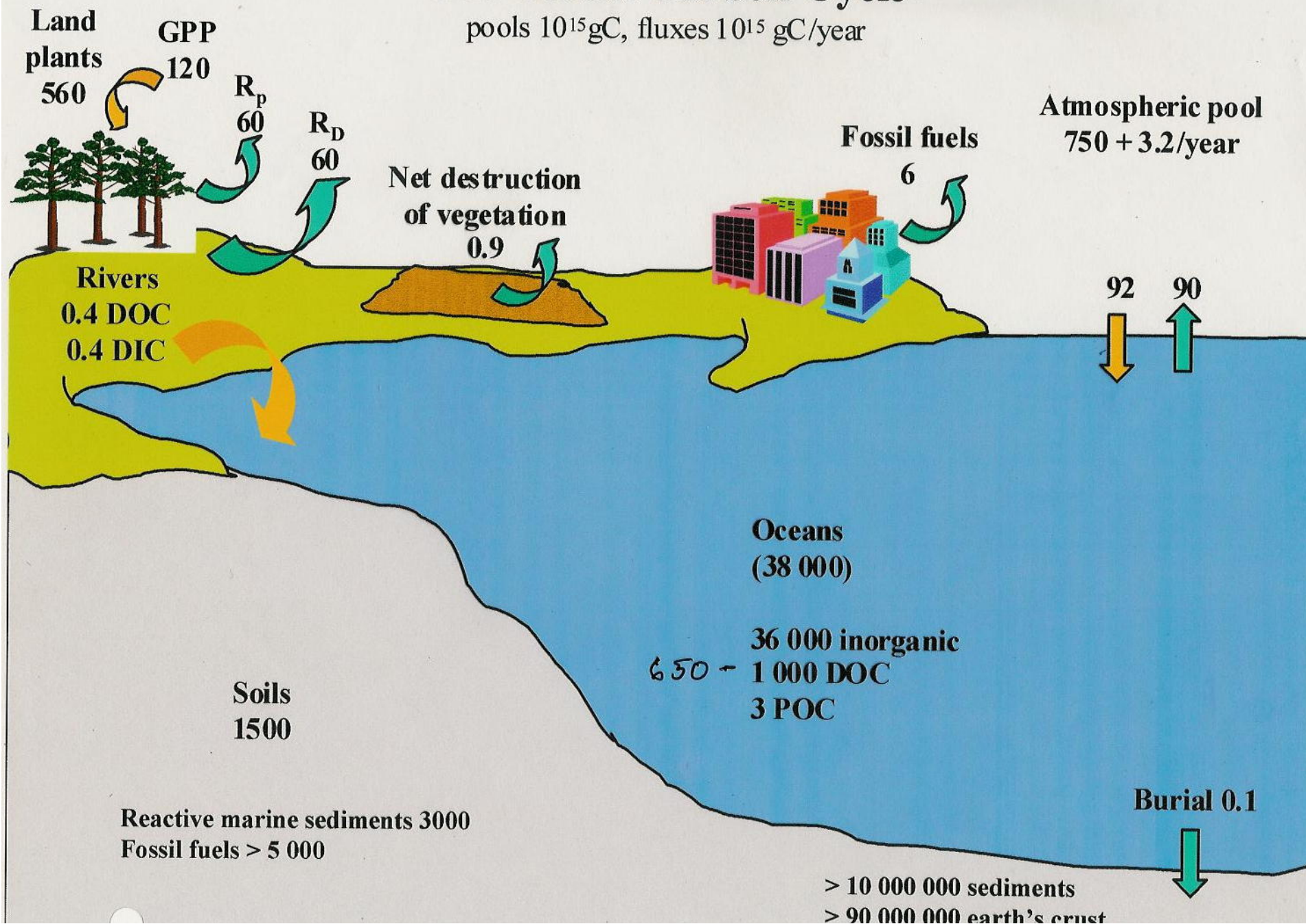
Moronic Acid



Bastadin-5

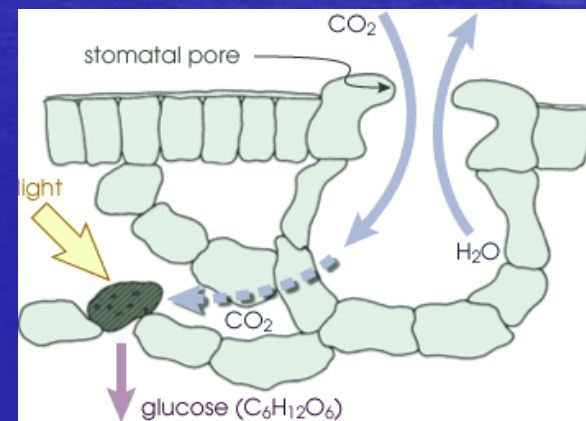
The Global Carbon Cycle

pools 10^{15} gC, fluxes 10^{15} gC/year

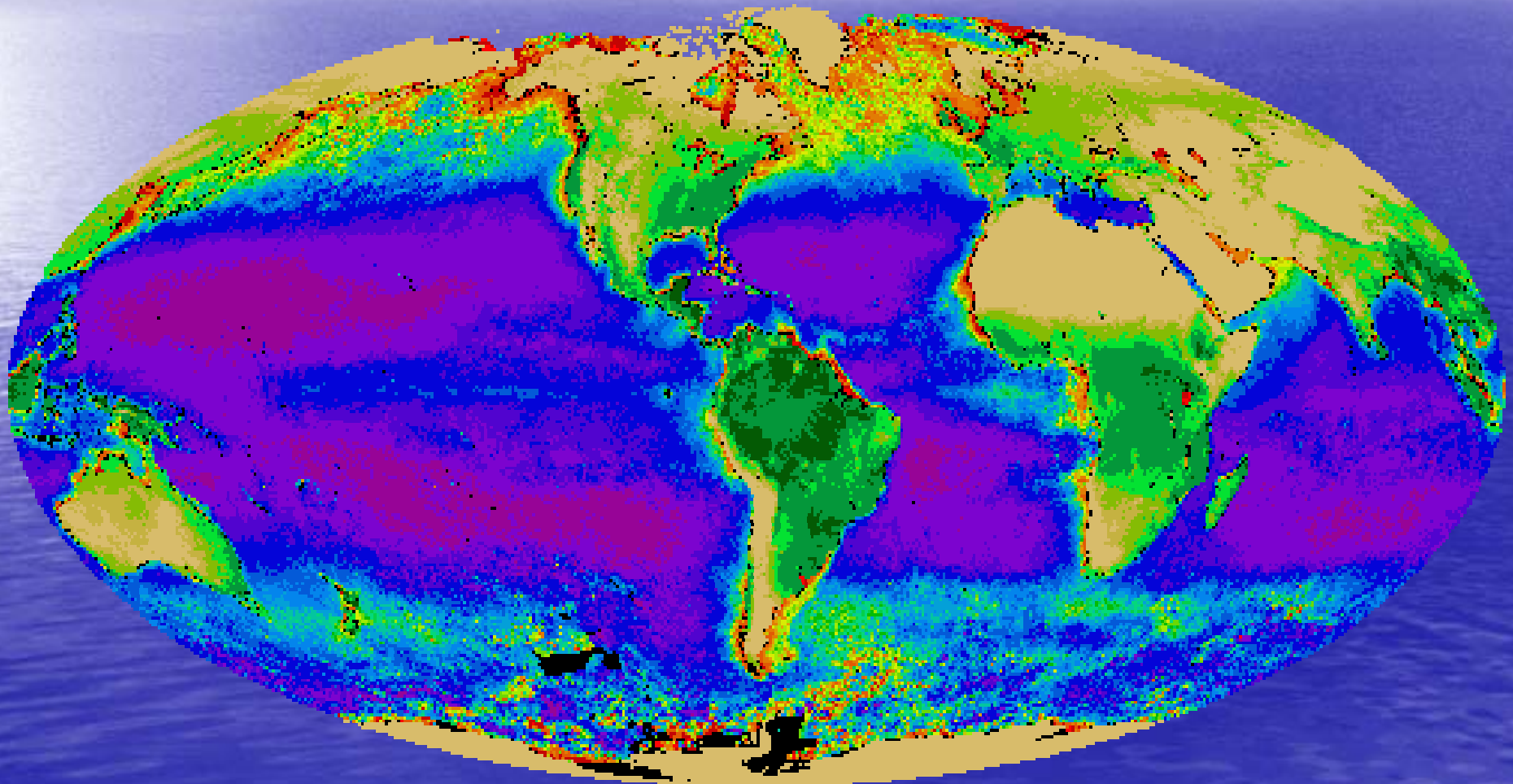


Photosynthesis

- Where does the mass of a tree come from?
- $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$



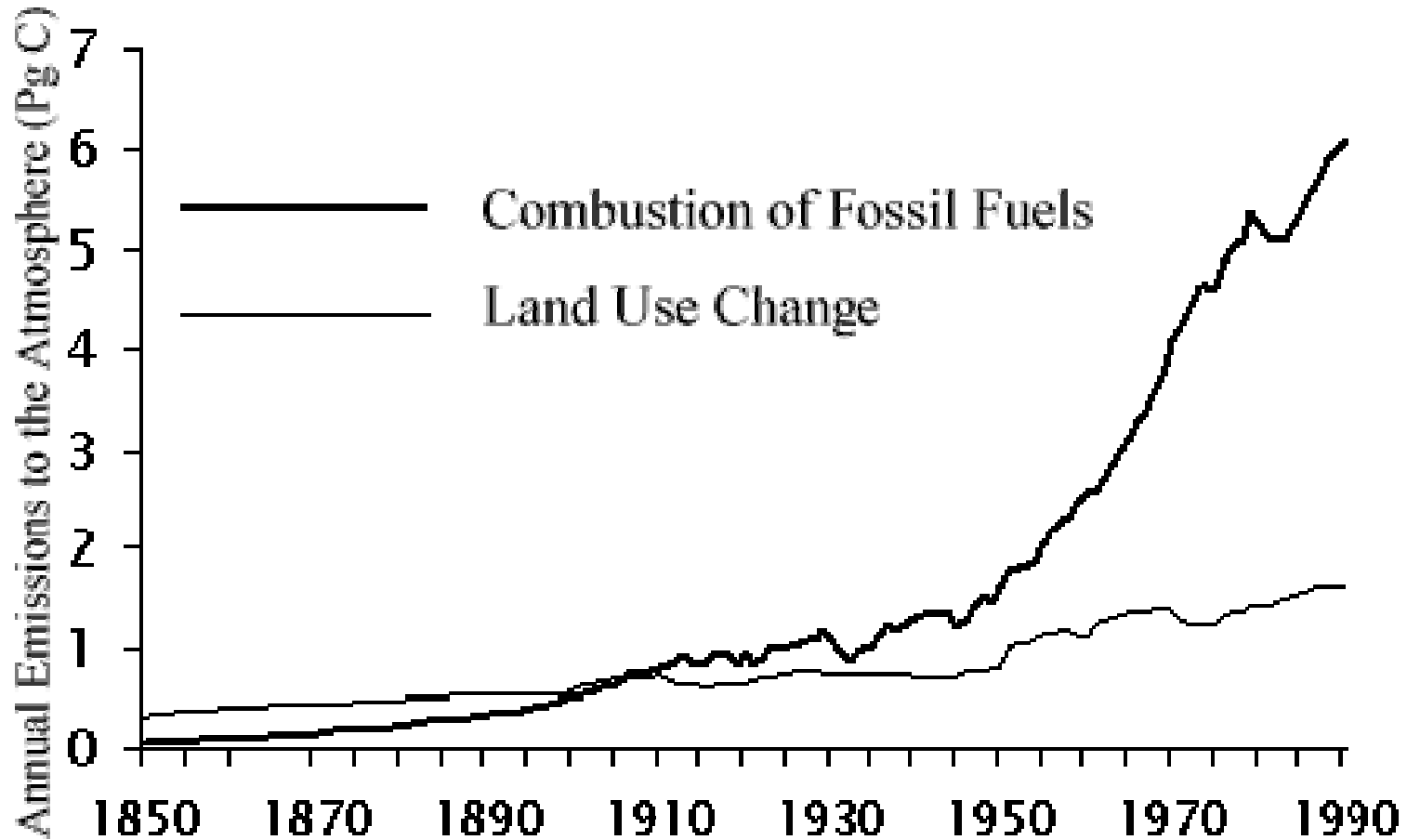
Global Productivity



Respiration

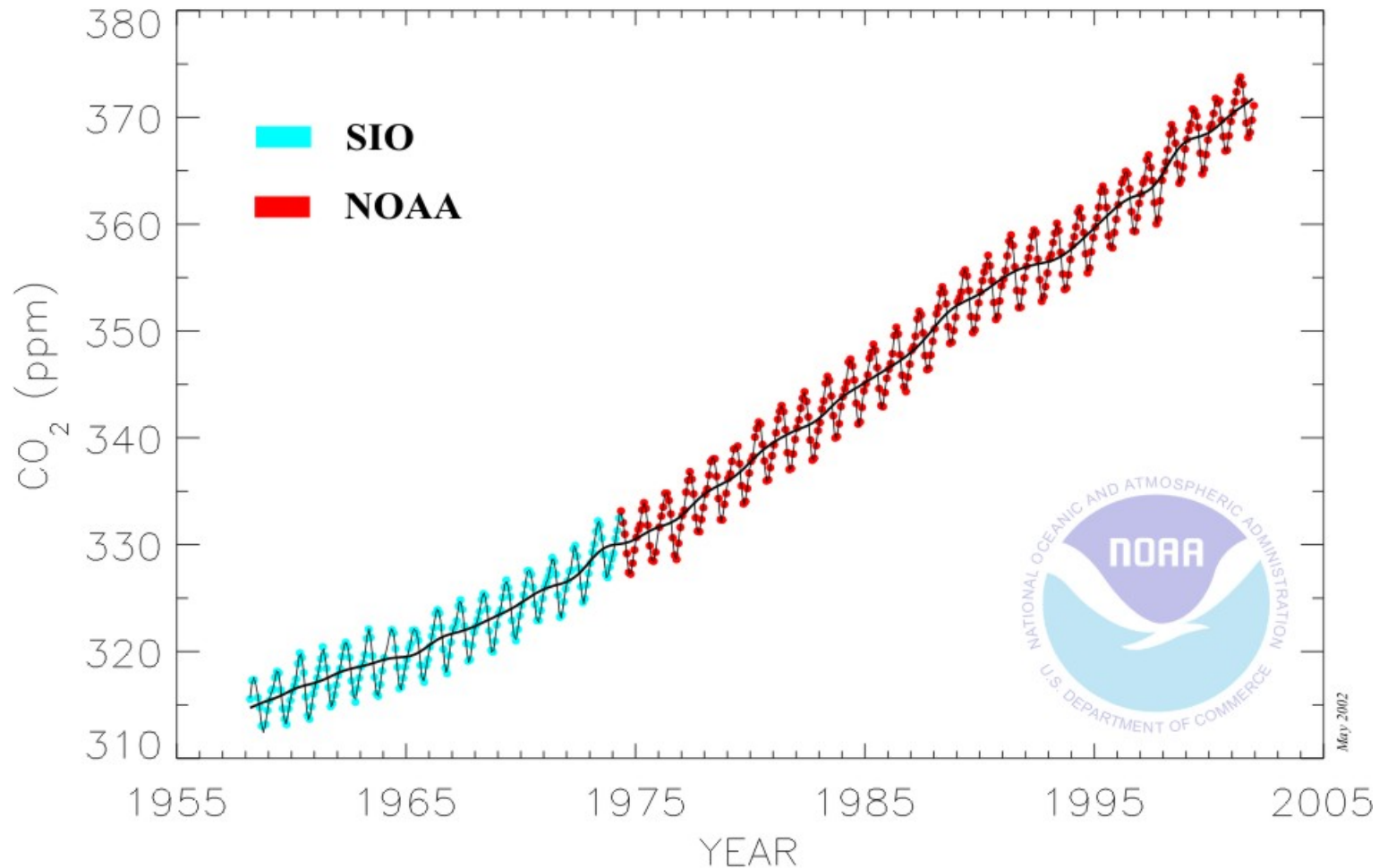
- Mitochondria, bacteria, fires, combustion engines
- $O_2 + CH_2O \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$
- In earth system, the energy budget is balanced, chemical energy is temporary storage
- In ocean or land, 99.9% carbon is recycled
- Fossil Fuels burned at 20,000 times natural rates of oxidation

CO2 Emissions



Atmospheric Measurements

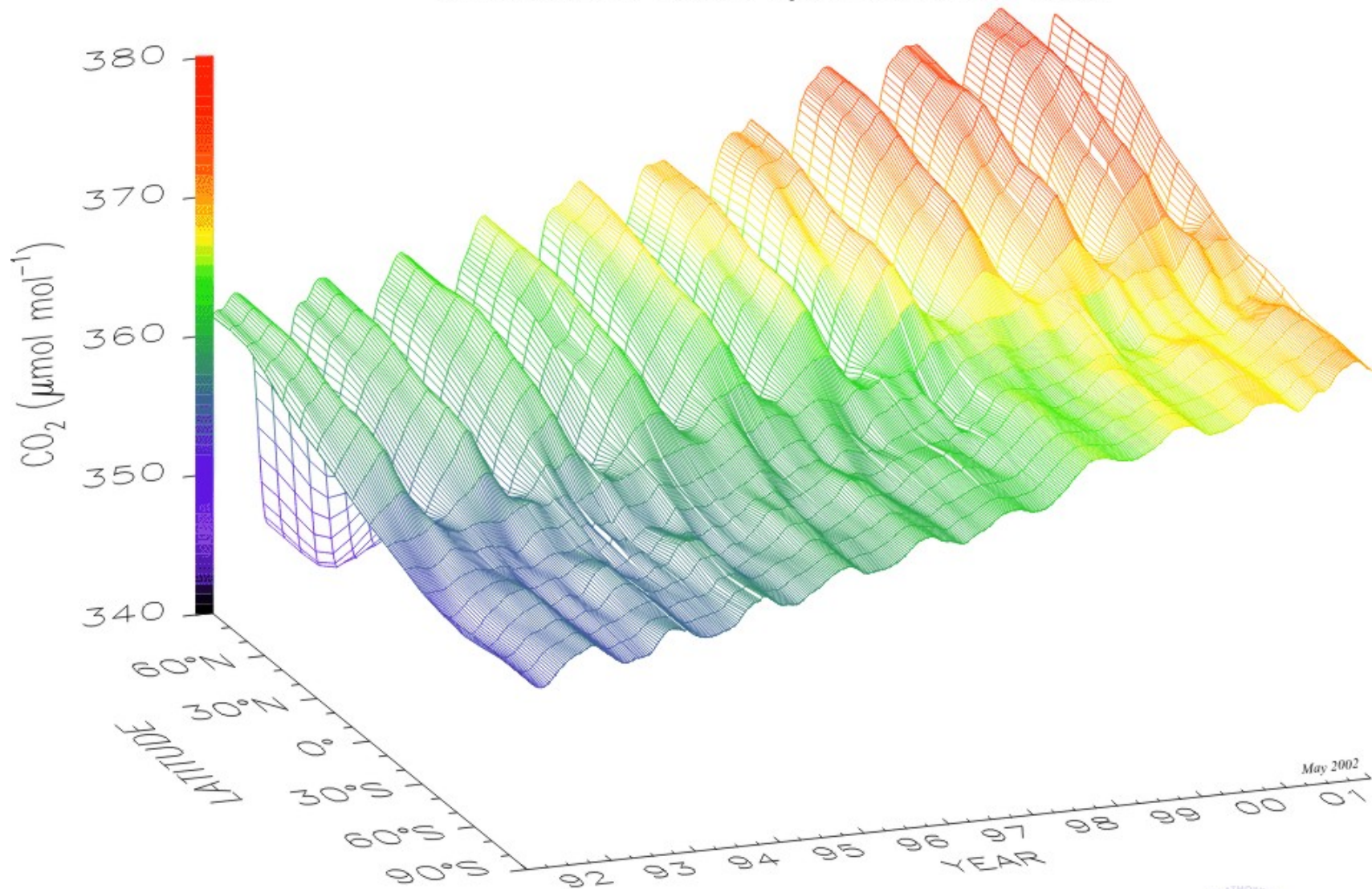
Mauna Loa Monthly Mean Carbon Dioxide



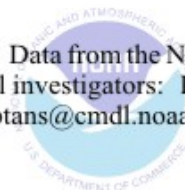
Atmospheric carbon dioxide monthly mean mixing ratios. Data prior to May 1974 are from the Scripps Institution of Oceanography (SIO, blue), data since May 1974 are from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA, red). A long-term trend curve is fitted to the monthly mean values. Principal investigators: Dr. Pieter Tans, NOAA CMDL Carbon Cycle Greenhouse Gases, Boulder, Colorado, (303) 497-6678, ptans@cmdl.noaa.gov, and Dr. Charles D. Keeling, SIO, La Jolla, California, (616) 534-6001, cdkeeling@ucsd.edu.

Global Distribution of Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide

NOAA CMDL Carbon Cycle Greenhouse Gases



Three dimensional representation of the latitudinal distribution of atmospheric carbon dioxide in the marine boundary layer. Data from the NOAA CMDL cooperative air sampling network were used. The surface represents data smoothed in time and latitude. Principal investigators: Pieter Tans and Thomas Conway, NOAA CMDL Carbon Cycle Greenhouse Gases, Boulder, Colorado, (303) 497-6678 (ptans@cmdl.noaa.gov, <http://www.cmdl.noaa.gov/ccgg>).



"Missing Sink" of Atmospheric CO₂ (in Gigatons Carbon— 10^{15} gmC)

- Fossil Fuel Burning = 6.0 +/- 0.5
- Deforestation = 0.9 +/- 0.7

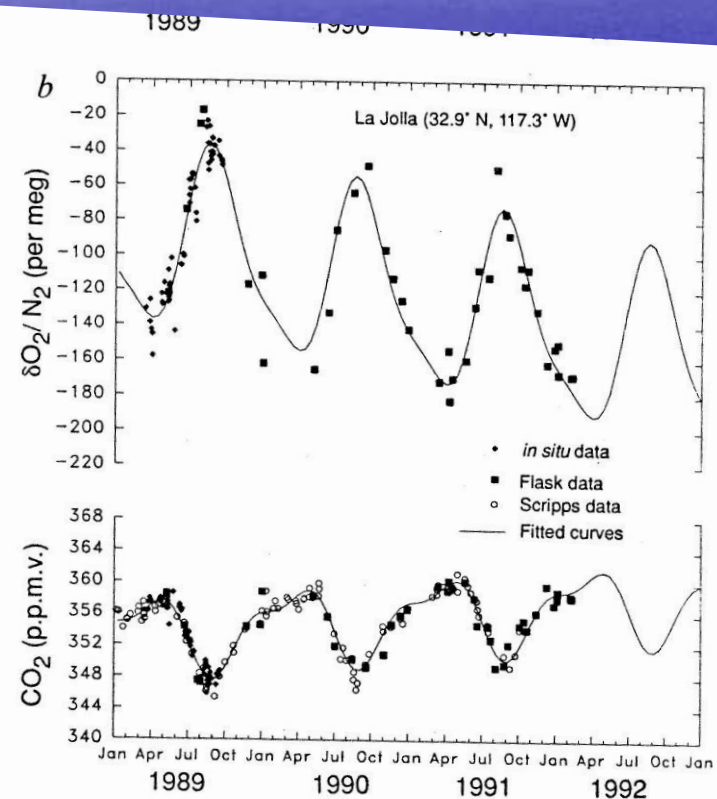
- Atmospheric Increase = 3.2 +/- 0.1
- Oceanic Uptake = 2.0 +/- 0.8
- "Missing Sink" = 1.7 +/- 1.2

Mass Balance

- Total mass is always conserved
- Each element is also conserved in a closed system
- Can you design a closed system that is sustainable indefinitely?
- Eco-sphere.com

Cycles are linked

- $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$



Biosphere 2

- <http://www.b2science.org/about-mission.html>
- 7 people, O₂ began to drop
- Why?

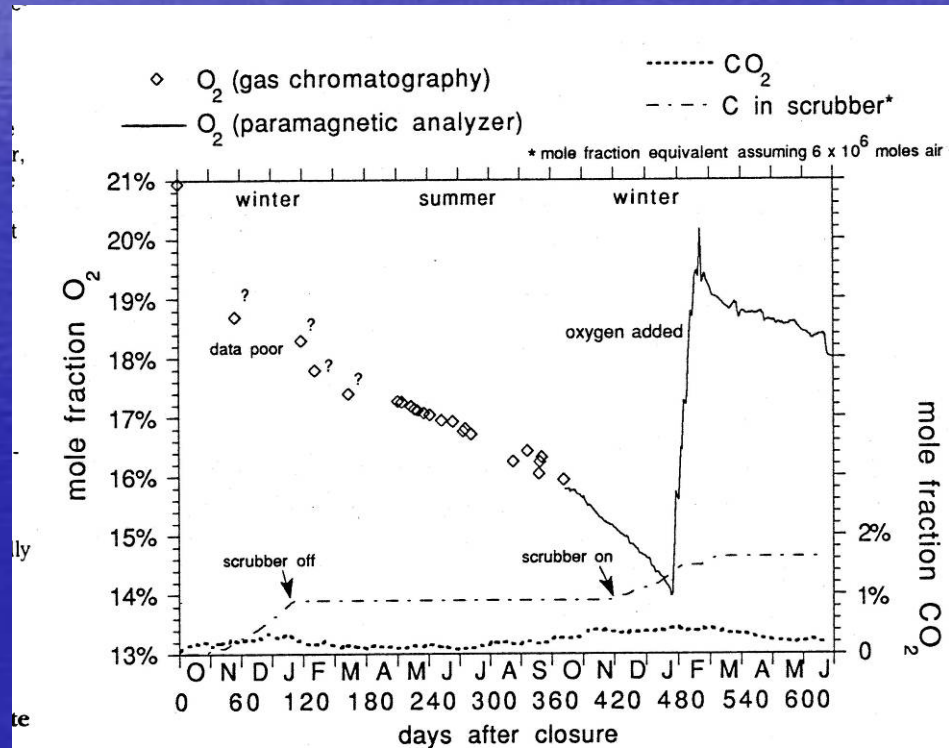
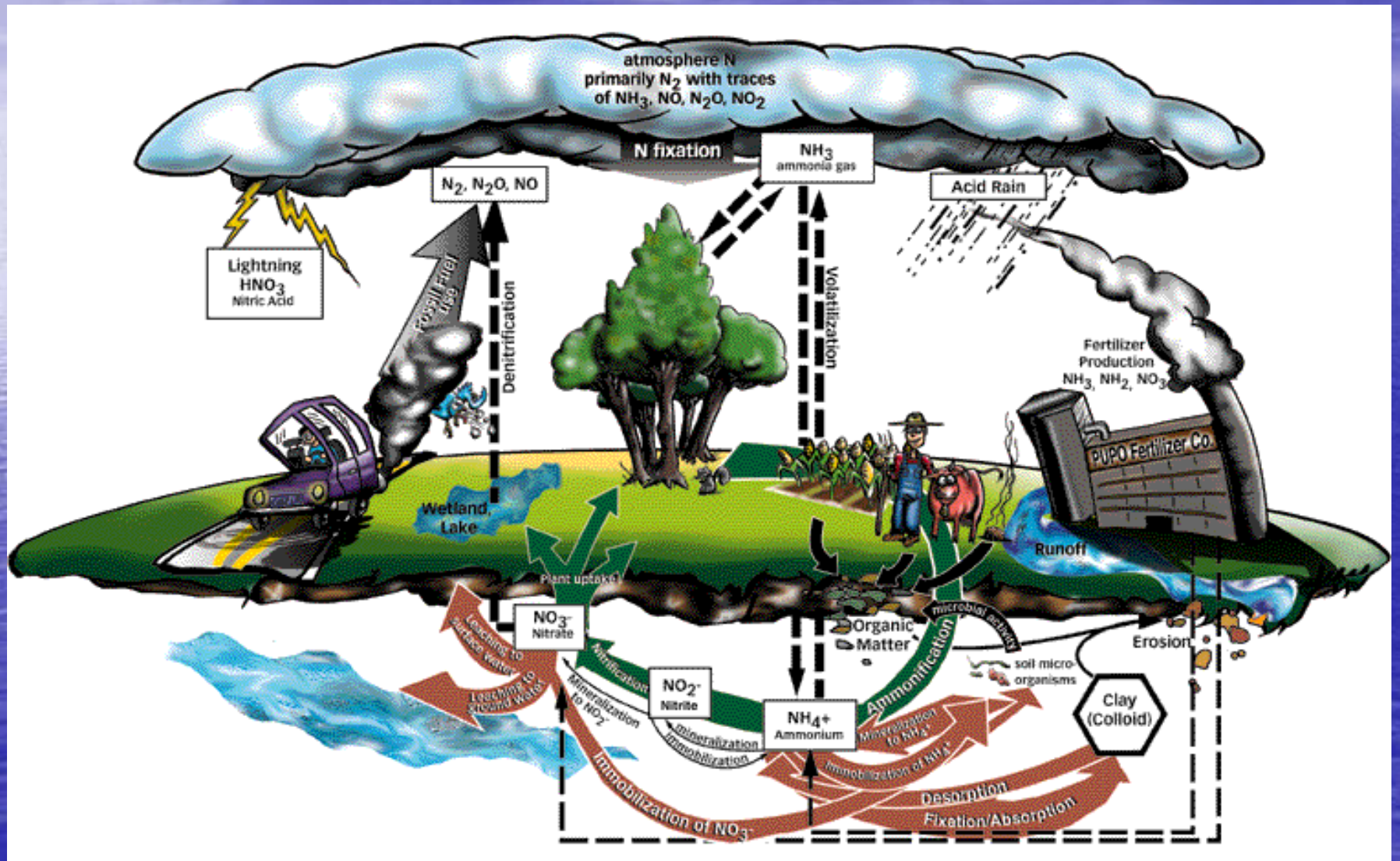


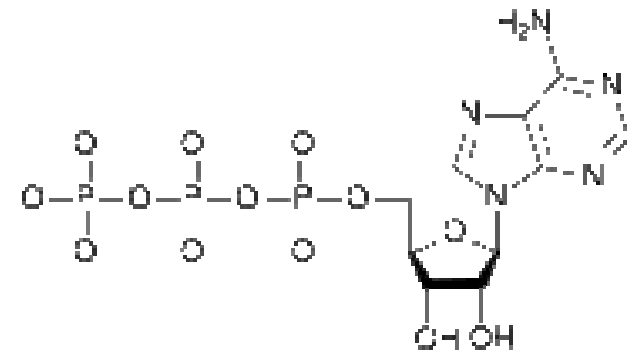
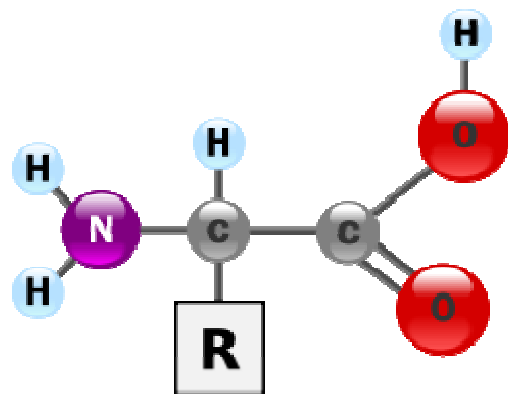
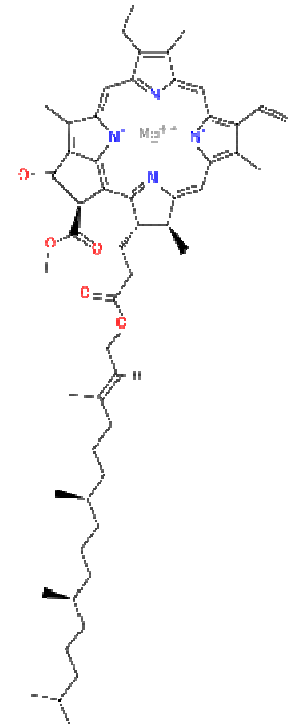
Fig. 1. Oxygen and CO₂ history in Biosphere 2. The same scale is used for O₂ and CO₂ with a 13% offset. Note that oxygen drop is much greater than CO₂ increase, even taking into account the chemical scrubber. This requires the existence of a sink of O₂ or CO₂ other than respiration or photosynthesis.

Nitrogen Cycle



Needs

- Amino Acids → proteins
- Nucleic Acids
- Chlorophyll
- Carbon to Nitrogen ratio

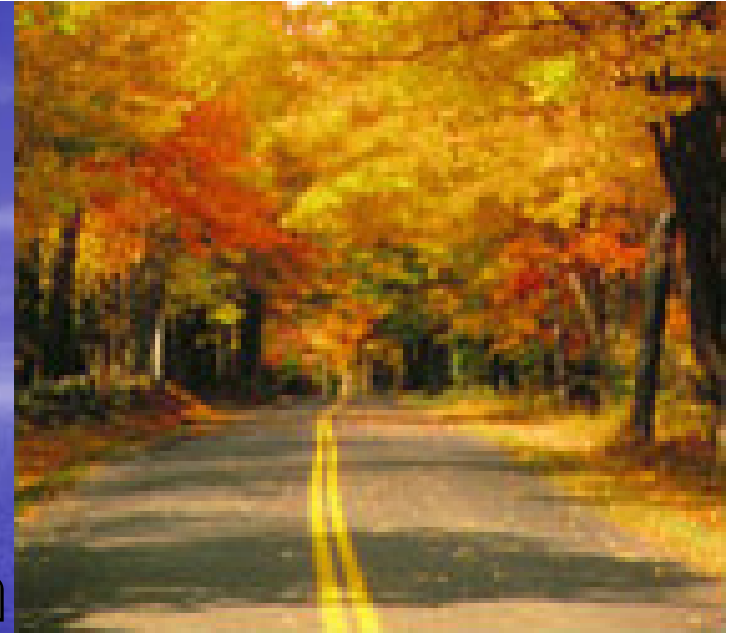


Sources

- Nitrogen Fixing bacteria
 - Legumes
 - Clover
 - Cyanobacteria
- Lightning
- Haber Process (factory fertilizer production)
- Internal combustion engines (cars)
- Mankind has doubled N-inputs to coastal areas → eutrophication

Fall Colors

- Chlorophyll-N recalled
- Accessory pigments shown
- Huge loss of C, but not N



Lawn calculation

- If you add 1 pound of nitrogen fertilizer to your lawn, how many pounds of lawn clippings must you carry away?
- Water
- Carbon/Nitrogen ratio

Biogeochemistry

- Conservation of mass in a system
- Discover missing processes through box model budget
- Use tracers (biomarkers, elements, isotopes, radionuclides) to elucidate processes
- Variety of temporal and spatial scales